



A Unified Theory of Time, Space, Light, and Gravity

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Abstract

This paper proposes a novel theory on the nature of time, suggesting that time is not an independent entity but a byproduct of light's movement through space. The theory emphasizes the role of gravity in altering the elasticity of space, thereby affecting the distance light must travel and causing the phenomenon of time dilation. This unified view integrates light, space, time, and gravity as interdependent elements.

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Introduction

Time has long been used to describe motion and events, yet its fundamental nature remains elusive. While modern physics considers time as the fourth dimension, this paper explores a new idea: time emerges from the movement of light through space. Gravity, by altering the structure of space, directly affects the experience of time.

Fundamental Concepts

Speed of Light: Constant at $\sim 3 \times 10^8$ m/s in a vacuum.

Elasticity of Space: Space can stretch or curve due to the presence of mass and gravity.

Effect of Gravity: Mass warps space, requiring light to travel longer paths, causing time dilation.

Light as the Generator of Time

Time is experienced when light travels a specific distance (e.g., 300,000 km = 1 second). In curved or stretched

space, this distance is effectively longer. Since the speed of light is constant, more time is needed to complete this distance, hence time slows down.

Analogy

A balloon with letters drawn on it: as it inflates (space stretches), the letters expand (objects appear larger). A line drawn on a deflated balloon is shorter than one on an inflated balloon. This represents how light must travel farther in stretched space, resulting in more time per unit distance.

Gravity's Role in Time Dilation

Stronger gravitational fields (like those near black holes) curve space more, increasing the distance light must travel, thus increasing the time it takes for events to unfold. This explains why time passes slower in regions with strong gravity.

Strong Gravity More Curved Space Longer Light Paths Slower Time

- Weak Gravity Flatter Space Shorter Light Paths Faster Time

The Inseparability of Light, Space, Gravity, and Time

Time only exists where light can move. If light is halted, time ceases to flow. Light's movement is the engine of time, and its path is shaped by the structure of space, which in turn is affected by gravity. This interconnected relationship forms a single, unified system.

On the Impossibility of Time Travel

According to this theory, time travel to the past or future is impossible. Only time dilation, a stretching or compression of time due to gravity or relative speed, is physically feasible. Thus, paradoxes like the grandfather paradox or bootstrap paradox are not applicable.

Conclusion

Time is not a standalone dimension but a consequence of light's movement through space. Gravity shapes space, space alters the path of light, and light's travel through this path defines our experience of time. This unified view offers a clearer understanding of why time flows and how it is affected by the physical universe.